1 2 3 4 5 6	ROSE, KLEIN & MARIAS LLP David A. Rosen (SBN 101287) Kevin P. Smith (SBN 252580) 801 South Grand Avenue, 11 th floor Los Angeles, CA 90017 213.626.0571 FAX 213.623.7755 d.rosen@rkmlaw.net Attorneys for PLAINTIFF Environmental Research Center, Inc.	CONFORMED COPY ORIGINAL PULLED SUPERIOR COUNTY OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES APR 16 2013 John A. Clarko, Executive Officer/Clar BY Lander Deput
7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
8	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
10	·	BC506027
11	ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER,	
12	INC., a non-profit California corporation,	COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE
13	PLAINTIFF,	RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES
14	v.	Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq.
15	SEQUEL NATURALS, LTD.; SEQUEL NATURALS, INC.; DOES 1 through 10,	
16	DEFENDANT(s).	
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18)
19	PLAINTIFF Environmental Research Center, Inc. ("PLAINTIFF") brings this action in	
20	the interest of the general public and, on information and belief, hereby alleges:	
21	INTRODUCTION	
22	This action seeks to remedy DEFENDANT(s)' continuing failure to warn	
23	consumers in California that they are being exposed to lead, a substance known to the State of	
24	California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. DEFENDANT(s)	
25	manufactures, packages, distributes, markets, and / or sells in California certain nutritional	
26	supplement products containing lead (the "PRODUCTS") including:	
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2. Lead and lead compounds ("LISTED CHEMICALS") are substances known to the State¹ of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

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3. The use and / or handling of the PRODUCTS causes exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS at levels requiring a "clear and reasonable warning" under California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, Health & Safety Code ("H&S Code") §25249.5, et seq. ("Proposition 65"). DEFENDANT(s) has failed to provide the health hazard warnings required by Proposition 65.

¹ All statutory and regulatory references herein are to California law, unless otherwise specified.

- 4. DEFENDANT(s)' continued manufacturing, packaging, distributing, marketing and/or sales of the PRODUCTS without the required health hazard warnings, causes individuals to be involuntarily and unwittingly exposed to levels of the LISTED CHEMICALS that violate Proposition 65.
- 5. PLAINTIFF seeks injunctive relief enjoining DEFENDANT(s) from the continued manufacturing, packaging, distributing, marketing and/or sales of the PRODUCTS in California without provision of clear and reasonable warnings regarding the risks of cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm posed by exposure to the LISTED CHEMICALS through the use and / or handling of the PRODUCTS. PLAINTIFF seeks an injunctive order compelling DEFENDANT(s) to bring its business practices into compliance with Proposition 65 by providing a clear and reasonable warning to each individual who has been and who in the future may be exposed to LISTED CHEMICALS from the use of the PRODUCTS. PLAINTIFF also seeks an order compelling DEFENDANT(s) to identify and locate each individual person who in the past has purchased the PRODUCTS, and to provide to each such purchaser a clear and reasonable warning that the use of the PRODUCTS will cause exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS.
- 6. In addition to injunctive relief, PLAINTIFF seeks an assessment of civil penalties in excess of \$1 million to remedy DEFENDANT(s)' failure to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding exposures to the LISTED CHEMICALS.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution
 Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all causes except
 those given by statute to other trial courts." The statute under which this action is brought does
 not specify any other basis for jurisdiction.
- 8. This Court has jurisdiction over DEFENDANT(s) because, based on information and belief, DEFENDANT(s) is a business having sufficient minimum contacts with California,

or otherwise intentionally availing itself of the California market through the distribution and sale of the PRODUCTS in the State of California to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

9. Venue in this action is proper in the Los Angeles Superior Court because the DEFENDANT(s) has violated California law in the County of Los Angeles.

PARTIES

- 10. PLAINTIFF is a corporation organized under California's Corporation Law.

 ERC is dedicated to, among other causes, reducing the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic substances, consumer protection, worker safety and corporate responsibility.
- 11. ERC is a person within the meaning of H&S Code § 25118 and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(d).
- 12. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes that DEFENDANTS SEQUEL NATURALS, LTD and SEQUEL NATURALS, INC. ("DEFENDANTS"), are limited liability companies organized under the laws of the State of California and a person doing business within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11.
- 13. Upon information and belief, and upon that basis, PLAINTIFF alleges that the true names, or capacities of DOES 1 through 10, inclusive ("DOES"), whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, are presently unknown to PLAINTIFF, who therefore sue said DEFENDANT(s) by such fictitious names. PLAINTIFF will amend this Complaint to show their true names and capacities when the same have been ascertained. All DEFENDANTS were in some manner responsible for the violations set forth in this Complaint.
- 14. DEFENDANT(s) manufactures, packages, distributes, markets and / or sells the PRODUCTS for sale or use in California and in Los Angeles County.

STATUTORY BACKGROUND

15. The People of the State of California have declared in Proposition 65 their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects, or other

reproductive harm." (Section 1(b) of Initiative Measure, Proposition 65).

16. To effect this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a "clear and reasonable warning" before being exposed to substances listed by the State of California as causing cancer or reproductive toxicity. H&S Code § 25249.6 states, in pertinent part:

"No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual . . ."

17. Proposition 65 provides that any person "violating or threatening to violate" the statute may be enjoined in a court of competent jurisdiction. (H&S Code § 25249.7.) The phrase "threatening to violate" is defined to mean creating "a condition in which there is a substantial likelihood that a violation will occur." (H&S Code § 25249.11(e).) Violators are liable for civil penalties of up to \$2,500.00 per day for each violation of the Act. (H&S Code § 25249.7.)

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 18. On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed the chemical lead as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Lead became subject to the warning requirement one year later and was therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable" warning requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on February 27, 1988. (27 California Code of Regulations ("CCR") § 25000, et seq.; H&S Code § 25249.5, et seq.)
- 19. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed the chemicals lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer. Lead and lead compounds became subject to the warning requirement one year later and were therefore subject to the "clear and reasonable" warning requirements of Proposition 65 beginning on October 1, 1993. (27 CCR § 25000, et seq.; H&S Code § 25249.6, et seq.) Due to the high toxicity of lead, the maximum allowable dose level for lead is 0.5 ug/day (micrograms a day) for reproductive toxicity.
- 20. To test the PRODUCTS for lead, PLAINTIFF hired a well-respected and accredited testing laboratory that designed the testing protocol used and approved by the

California Attorney General years ago for testing heavy metals. The testing results undertaken by PLAINTIFF of the PRODUCTS show violation of the Proposition 65 0.5 ug/day "safe harbor" daily dose limit. Some PRODUCTS tested for daily exposure in excess of 20 times the Proposition 65 "safe harbor" daily dose limit. Very significant is the fact that people are continuing to be exposed to lead through ingestion as opposed to other not as harmful methods of exposure such as dermal exposure. Ingestion of lead produces much higher exposure levels and health risks than dermal exposure to this chemical.

- 21. At all times relevant to this action, DEFENDANT(s) therefore have knowingly and intentionally exposed the users and / or handlers of the PRODUCTS to LISTED CHEMICALS without first giving a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals.
- 22. As a proximate result of acts by DEFENDANT(s), as persons in the course of doing business within the meaning of Health & Safety Code § 25249.11, individuals throughout the State of California, including in the County of Los Angeles, have been exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS without clear and reasonable warning. The individuals subject to the violative exposures include normal and foreseeable users of the PRODUCTS, as well as all other persons exposed to the PRODUCTS.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Injunctive Relief for Violations of Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq. concerning the PRODUCTS described in PLAINTIFF's October 26, 2012, and November 30, 2012 60-Day Notices of Violation)

Against DEFENDANT(S) and DOES

- 23. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 22, inclusive, as if specifically set forth herein.
- 24. On October 26, 2012, PLAINTIFF sent 60-Day Notice of Proposition 65 violations to the requisite public enforcement agencies, and to DEFENDANT(s) ("Notices"), attached hereto as Exhibit A. The Notices were issued pursuant to, and in compliance with, the requirements of H&S Code § 25249.7(d) and the statute's implementing regulations regarding the notice of the violations to be given to certain public enforcement agencies and to the

violator. The Notices given included, *inter alia*, the following information: the name, address, and telephone number of the noticing individual; the name of the alleged violator; the statute violated; the approximate time period during which violations occurred; and descriptions of the violations, including the chemicals involved, the routes of toxic exposure, and the specific product or type of product causing the violations, and was issued as follows:

- a. DEFENDANT(s) and the California Attorney General were provided copies of the Notices by Certified Mail. The various other public prosecutors were served by regular mail. PLAINTIFF'S Notices are listed on the California Attorney General's website for DEFENDANT(s) and all public prosecutors to review, confirming that in fact the Attorney General did receive the Notices. PLAINTIFF used for the Notices the United States Postal Service online shipping label system called "Click-N-Ship" that automatically corrects prior to mailing any errors in the zip code. None of these Notices were returned to PLAINTIFF. The Notices were served on all intended actors, were substantially sound, and all purposes of providing notice under Proposition 65 were met.
- b. DEFENDANT(s) was provided a copy of a document entitled "The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A Summary," which is also known as Appendix A to Title 27 of CCR § 25903.
- c. The California Attorney General was provided with a Certificate of Merit by the attorney for the noticing party, stating that there is a reasonable and meritorious case for this action, and attaching factual information sufficient to establish a basis for the certificate, including the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and the facts studies, or other data reviewed by those persons, pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(h)(2).

- 25. The appropriate public enforcement agencies have failed to commence and diligently prosecute a cause of action under H&S Code § 25249.5, *et seq.* against DEFENDANT(s) based on the allegations herein.
- 26. The Notices reached DEFENDANT(S) and it was provided all necessary information. DEFENDANT(S) timely received all the Notices and was provided sufficient time to investigate and settle this case well prior to filing of the Complaint. This is clear because through its counsel DEFENDANT(S) did contact PLAINTIFF during the 60-Day Notice period concerning the allegations made in the Notices.
- 27. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes that DEFENDANT(S) have failed and/or refused to remedy these violations and continue to manufacture and distribute the PRODUCTS into California. These are not trivial or de minimis exceedances of Proposition 65. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint DEFENDANT(s) at all times relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, has violated H&S Code § 25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals who use or handle the PRODUCTS set forth in the Notices to the LISTED CHEMICAL, without first providing a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals pursuant to H&S Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11(f).
- 28. By the above-described acts, DEFENDANT(s) has violated H&S Code § 25249.6 and is therefore subject to an injunction ordering DEFENDANT(s) to stop violating Proposition 65, to provide warnings to all present and future customers and to provide warnings to DEFENDANT(s)' past customers who purchased or used the PRODUCTS without receiving a clear and reasonable warning.
- 29. An action for injunctive relief under Proposition 65 is specifically authorized by Health & Safety Code § 25249.7(a).
- 30. Continuing commission by DEFENDANT(s), of the acts alleged above will irreparably harm the citizens of the State of California, for which harm they have no plain, speedy, or adequate remedy at law.

Wherefore, PLAINTIFF prays judgment against DEFENDANT(s), as set forth hereafter.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Civil Penalties for Violations of Health and Safety Code § 25249.5, et seq. concerning the PRODUCTS described in PLAINTIFF's NOTICES) Against DEFENDANTS and DOES

- 31. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates by reference Paragraphs 1 through 30, inclusive, as if specifically set forth herein.
- 32. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, DEFENDANT(s) at all times relevant to this action, and continuing through the present, has violated H&S Code § 25249.6 by, in the course of doing business, knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals who use or handle the PRODUCTS set forth in the Notice to the LISTED CHEMICALS, without first providing a clear and reasonable warning to such individuals pursuant to H&S Code §§ 25249.6 and 25249.11(f).
- 33. By the above-described acts, DEFENDANT(s) is liable, pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(b), for a civil penalty of \$2,500.00 per day per violation for each unlawful exposure to a LISTED CHEMICAL from the PRODUCTS, in an amount in excess of \$1 million.

Wherefore, PLAINTIFF prays judgment against DEFENDANT(S), as set forth hereafter.

THE NEED FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- 34. PLAINTIFF realleges and incorporates by this reference Paragraphs 1 through 33, as if set forth below.
- 35. By committing the acts alleged in this Complaint, DEFENDANT(s) has caused irreparable harm for which there is no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law. In the absence of equitable relief, DEFENDANT(s) will continue to create a substantial risk of irreparable injury by continuing to cause consumers to be involuntarily and unwittingly exposed to the LISTED CHEMICALS through the use and/or handling of the PRODUCTS.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, PLAINTIFF accordingly prays for the following relief:

A. a preliminary and permanent injunction, pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(b), enjoining DEFENDANT(s), its agents, employees, assigns and all persons acting in concert or